Whitefield
Last-mile IoT simulation framework

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https://github.com/whitefield-framework/whitefield
Background

It all started with a project: AMI network

Requirements: Scale to 1K nodes, roughly 10-12 hops

Mixed L2 network: 802.15.4 Sub-Ghz and NB-PLC

- How to check what is the achievable performance at that scale?
  - PDR, Convergence time, Repair time etc
  - Can the existing routing protocols implementations scale in LLNs?
So, how to verify?

- **Hardware testbed**
  - Such as FIT IOT-Lab, Indriya2
  - Still not the same scale!
  - Difficult to handle frequent updates
  - Difficult to debug
  - Good for late-stage verification but not ok for early-stage experimentation

- **Existing simulation frameworks**
  - So we tried Cooja, but...
    - Scalability issues
    - How to handle PLC links?
    - For 802.15.4, the results looked too good to be true!
  - So for realistic simulation we decided to try NS3, but...
    - Cannot plugin real world stacks as is
But what about...

- **NS3 DCE (Direct Code Execution)**
  - Allows executing native Linux apps inside NS3 without changing code
  - However, DCE depends on specific Linux kernel primitives and is not easy to setup
    - Checkout [GSoC2018_DCE_Upgrade](#)

- **Using NS3 TAP Bridge model**
  - Not scalable
  - Depends on the native app using TAP interface
What everyone seems to be doing?


Nodes used for experiments:
Avg=49.4 nodes
Median=30.5 nodes
With Low Power comes great responsibility...

● Overall, what we found was...
  ○ Untrustworthy results from most of the papers
  ○ Experiments conducted in limited scope
    ■ Extremely difficult to reproduce
    ■ Comparative analysis was difficult
  ○ Very less numbers of nodes experimented with

● Bad idea to depend on Cooja for experiments depending on
  ○ Realistic propagation loss and delay models
  ○ Asymmetric wireless models
Introducing Whitefield...

- Started during IETF-96
- Design goals
  - Integrate proven simulation models with real-world network stacks
  - Scale to thousands of nodes
- Real-world stacks
  - RIOT, Contiki, Contiki-NG
  - OpenThread (in progress)
- Proven simulation models
  - NS3-Lrwpan (802.15.4)
  - NS3-PLC (Power Line Comm)
What we wanted

- Performance benchmarking
- Reproducible data
- Realistic conditions
  - Propagation loss/delay models
  - Realistic wireless or wireline characteristics
- Ability to use real-world IoT network stacks
  - Ability to also mix real-world stacks in same deployment
- Experiment without limitation
  - Ability to freely add debug info
- Shareable scenario config
High Level Design

- RIOT/... implements a Whitefield platform/driver
- Whitefield handles message inter-play between RIOT and NS3
- Whitefield supports
  - Multiple phy interfaces
  - Simulates mixed L2 network with 802.15.4 and PLC today
Whitefield config

numNodes = 500
Topology = Grid/Random
nodePos[1] = (x, y, z)

 PHY = 802.15.4
 MAC = TMAC
 MacPktQLen = 20
 MacMaxRetry = 3

PcapDir = pcap
LogDir = log
Seed = 0x123456
Time = Real

nodeExec[1] = path/to/binary
nodeExec[11] = path/to/riot.bin
nodeExec[10] = path/to/contiki.bin

UdpSendInt = 10 #Seconds
StartAfter = 0
UdpPayloadLen = 128 #Two frags
What is supported today?

- **Interfaces**
  - 802.15.4
  - PLC
    - Narrowband & G3
    - Different PLC cable types
  - Multiple interfaces
- **Propagation Loss Models**
  - LogDistance(def) / Friis / FixedRSS / Matrix / Random / Range / TreeLogDistance / TwoRayGround
- **Propagation Delay Models**
  - ConstantSpeed(def) / Random
- **TxPower configuration per node**
- **Ability to configure individual attributes of these models**
What is supported today?

- **Topology**
  - Grid
  - Random Rectangle
  - Specify node positions individually in meters

- **Mobility Models**
  - RandomWalk2D / RandomWaypoint
  - Ability to change specific node’s position at runtime using OAM command

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**Layout of grid topology**

\[ \Delta x = \text{fieldX} / \text{gridWidth} \]
\[ \Delta y = \text{fieldY} / \text{number of rows} \]
Number of rows = ceil(gridWidth/numOfNodes)

Example config:
```
numOfNodes = 12
fieldX = 200 #meters
fieldY = 200 #meters
topologyType = grid
gridWidth = 5
```

Thus,
\[ \Delta x = 200/5 = 40m \]
Number of rows = cei(12/5) = 3
\[ \Delta y = 200/3 = 66m \]
What is supported today?

- **Stacklines:**
  - RIOT
  - Contiki
  - Contiki-NG
- **Ability to mix multiple stacks in same deployment**
- **To be supported in near future**
  - OpenThread (partially completed, in-progress)
  - Zephyr (todo)
  - FreeRTOS (todo)
  - Plug-n-play model for supporting future stacks
What is supported today?

- **Diagnostics & Monitoring**
  - Logs & Pcaps on per node basis
  - Automated generation of stats/graphs

- **Visualization**
  - Position or tree based graph
  - Cytoscape.js based runtime visualization (alpha-stage)

- **OAM**
  - Whitefield shell
    - Stats
    - Control nodes
    - Whitefield start/stop/monitor
All this at scale...

Tested for 1200 nodes on Dell PowerEdge

Easily handles 500 nodes on general laptops
Work done using Whitefield

- Used it for AMI network verification
- draft-ietf-roll-rpl-observations
  - Observations of using RPL at scale
  - Could interop RIOT/Contiki at large scale for first time
- draft-ietf-roll-efficient-npdao
  - Optimized route invalidation for RPL
- draft-ietf-lwig-nbr-mgmt-policy
- Draft-ietf-6lo-minimal-fragment
Immediate work items

● Plug-n-play mode
  ○ Allow users to submit RIOT/Contiki bins compiled in their native env to Whitefield
  ○ Whitefield will wrap the fork of bin and will override platform/rf driver primitives
● OpenThread support
● Support for energy modelling
● Supporting renode.io for hardware emulation
● Support for LoRAWAN and NB-IoT interfaces
A word about IoTBench

Raise the bar in the quality of experimental data, and provide researchers and engineers in both academia and industry with an objective view of the strengths and weaknesses among existing protocols.
To summarize

- With low-power comes great responsibility
  - Not easy to verify algorithms/protocols efficiency in LLNs at scale
- Dearth of tooling which can do realistic simulation at scale
  - While integrating with real-world stacks
  - Extremely difficult to do realistic tests with mixed L2 networks
- Currently, we do not have common benchmarks to rely on
  - In part due to the fact that tooling is insufficient
- Whitefield hopes to bridge these gaps

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