

# *Functional Encryption & Homomorphic Encryption for RIOT*

*Experiences with Benchmarking  
Advanced Cryptography in RIOT*

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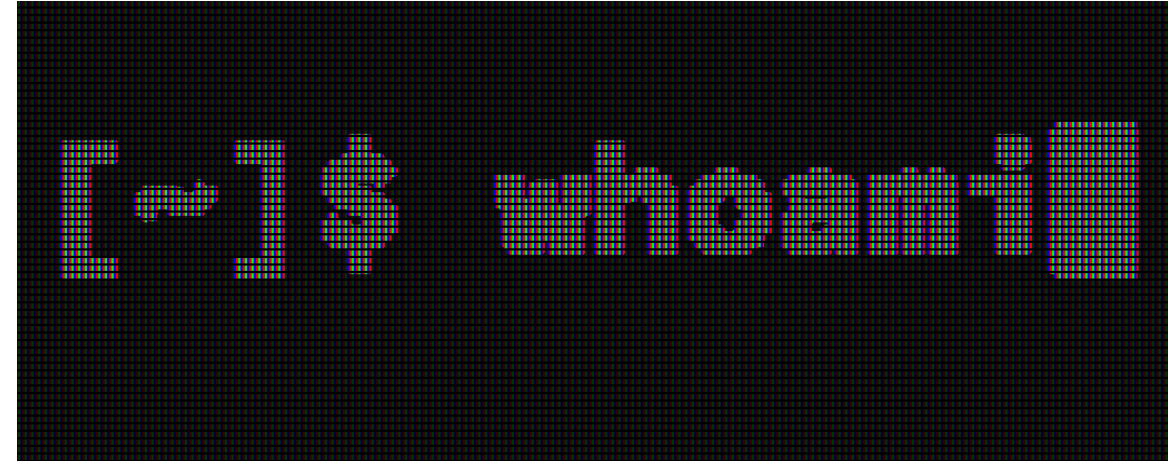
RIOT Summit 2020

# Bio

- Max Pengrin
- B. Sc. Computer Science
- Prospective M. Sc. IT-Security
- Academic Associate at HFT Stuttgart, SensAR

Sensory data and augmented reality, a research project at HFT Stuttgart sponsored by the Carl-Zeiss-Foundation

(<https://www.hft-stuttgart.com/research/projects/current/sensar>)



# Overview of this Talk

- Objectives of our Work
- Introduction to selected Crypto Schemes and their Applicability to IoT-Scenarios
- Such special Crypto Schemes in RIOT
- Benchmarking Challenges and initial results
- Lessons Learned
- Outlook & Future Work

# Advances in the Crypto-Community

- Many specific crypto schemes have been developed beyond traditional symmetric/asymmetric crypto (AES, RSA)
    - E.g. Secure multiparty computation, proxy re-encryption, functional encryption, homomorphic encryption, quantum-proof encryption, ...
    - Each of these offer useful properties/features for many IoT scenarios
    - Mostly theoretic work by the formal crypto community, but some prototype implementations exist
- There is still a lack of **systematic exploration** and a thorough evaluation of the actual scalability and performance of these approaches, in particular on **restricted IoT-nodes**

# Objectives

- Our goals ...
  - **Closing the gap between the theoretical cryptography community** (i.e. mathematical proofs) **and the network security community** (i.e. applied cryptography in actual real-world systems)
  - Working out ready-to-use applied cryptography solutions that **make special crypto usable in RIOT** and **providing performance estimations** to the IoT community
- Current Work and Focus
  - Functional and Homomorphic encryption
  - Enabling comparable benchmarking for various such schemes under RIOT

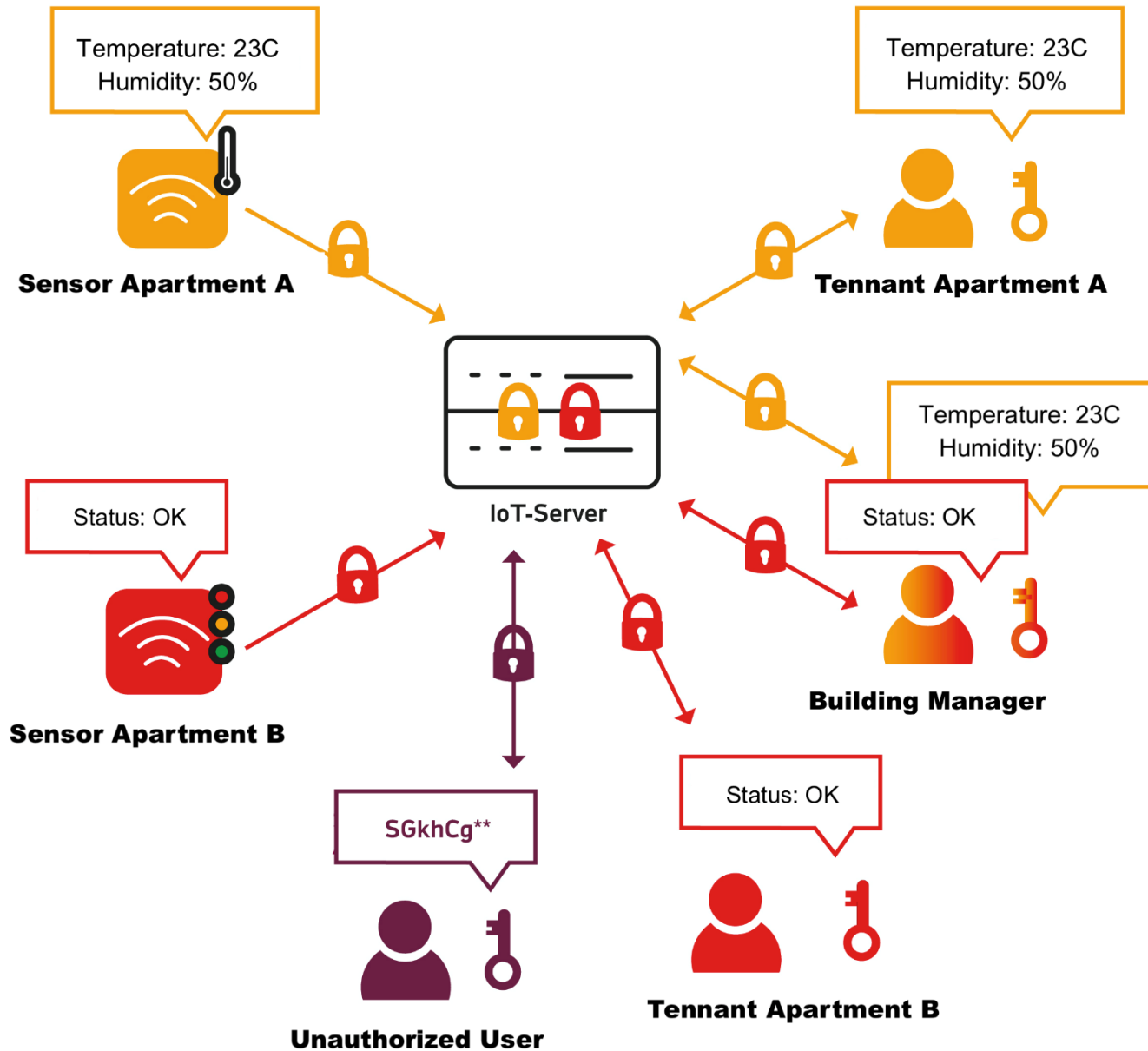
# Functional Encryption

## Identity-based Encryption (IBE)

- Allows anyone to generate a public key for some entity based on an ASCII string
  - No need to retrieve public keys / certificates for encryption
  - Receiving entity receives corresponding private key for decryption from special trusted third party
- **IoT nodes can encrypt different data for various receivers without the need to retrieve / store multiple public keys**

## Attribute-based Encryption (ABE)

- Allows to encrypt data with a policy attached
  - Example policy: (level = manager OR department = C)
- Only entities whose private key matches the policy can decrypt the data
- **Very useful for IoT as a means for enabling Data-Centric Security (Content Object Security)**
  - **Access policy is included in the data itself**
  - Access policy can be specified at data production time in an abstract way without knowing the exact identities of consumers



# IoT Example: Attribute-based Encryption (ABE)

# Homomorphic Encryption

- Applying some mathematical function on encrypted data
  - Crypto community is working hard on enabling fully-homomorphic encryption (FHE)
    - I.e. using any mathematical function
    - Not realistic for IoT devices anytime soon from a performance perspective ...
  - But: **partially homomorphic** encryption may be feasible on IoT nodes
    - E.g., homomorphic addition  $e(x) + e(y) = e(x + y)$
    - E.g., homomorphic multiplication  $e(x) \times e(y) = e(x \times y)$
- } *with encryption function  $e(x)$*
- Example IoT Use Case
    - Sensor node A can forward encrypted data to next sensor node B, which can add its encrypted data without reading sensor A's value; sink node can decrypt the sum (and calculate the average)
    - Zero-Knowledge Computation - out-sourcing of computational task, etc. more use cases imaginable



# Integrating Functional and Homomorphic Encryption in RIOT?

- Several open source libraries exist, but:
  - Some outdated / not maintained
    - E.g. last commit over 2 years old
  - Some not suitable for RIOT
    - E.g. using non-supported programming language
    - E.g. using dynamic memory allocation
- What had been done?
  - Relic toolkit
  - Palisade (FHE, ABE, C++)
  - Paring-based Library Stanford (just one example w\ IBE)
  - SEAL Microsoft (>2GB RAM)
  - TFHE: Fast Fully Homomorphic Encryption (requires x86\_64)
  - Many more in development (ibm, google, helib)
- What to do?

# Integrating Functional and Homomorphic Encryption in RIOT

- What's *done* in RIOT?

- Relic toolkit

- Developed with embedded in mind
    - Supports many interesting special crypto schemes that have not been investigated in depth in RIOT
      - "Cryptographic protocols (RSA, Rabin, ECDSA, ECMQV, ECSS (Schnorr), ECIES, Sakai-Ohgishi-Kasahara ID-based authenticated key agreement, Boneh-Lynn-Schacham and Boneh-Boyen short signatures, Paillier and Benaloh homomorphic encryption systems)"
    - RELIC already used/integrated in RIOT - Available as a plugin



Repository and Image: <https://github.com/relic-toolkit/relic>

# Some Initial Results

<i>label</i>	<i>algorithm</i>	<i>type</i>	<i>runtime</i>	<i>std-dev</i>
cp_rsa_enc	RSA Encryption	<i>traditional</i>	526	46,56
cp_rsa_dec	RSA Decryption	<i>traditional</i>	1625	281,62
cp_phpe_enc	Paillier Encryption	<i>homomorphic</i>	4772	700,81
cp_phpe_dec	Paillier Decryption	<i>homomorphic</i>	2410	312,09
cp_ecdh_key	Ellyptic-Curve Diffie-Hellman Key Derivation	<i>traditional</i>	6217	1187,12
cp_ibe_enc	Boneh-Franklin IBE Encryption	<i>functional</i>	55592	2871,34
cp_ibe_dec	Boneh-Franklin IBE Decryption	<i>functional</i>	27184	1446,86
cp_bgn_enc1	Boneh-Goh-Nissim Encryption	<i>homomorphic</i>	6988	1137,37
cp_bgn_dec1	Boneh-Goh-Nissim Decryption	<i>homomorphic</i>	7008	764,36
cp_bgn_mul	Boneh-Goh-Nissim Homomorphic Multiplication	<i>homomorphic</i>	115179	8645,88
cp_bgn_add	Boneh-Goh-Nissim Homomorphic Addition	<i>homomorphic</i>	608	62,35

***Runtime of various crypto schemes under RIOT  
(RIOT-native on i7 CPU, results in  $\mu$ s)***

# Benchmarking Challenges

- Relic build-in benchmarks not supported in RIOT
  - partly hardcoded parameters
  - Me = Noob - no development background
- Ongoing work on harmonizing keylengths etc. to enable comparable benchmarking of different algorithms
  - two types of keys at the same time elliptic curve- & prime-based
  - Key length  $\neq$  Key length; Securitybits?
- Repository: [https://github.com/maksim-ka/RIOT\\_Projects](https://github.com/maksim-ka/RIOT_Projects)

# Lessons Learned

- Memory is crucial, also Power usage (but not necessarily in our usecases), Architecture, Library jungle, Buildsystems are hard ...etc. pp.
- RIOT-OS is nice, because...
  - Process managing
  - Drivers
  - Plugins
- More mainstream like/newbie-friendly access would be appreciated
  - Vscode extension (out of the box debugging)
  - Arduino-Code/Libs, PlatformIO support
- Thanks to the friendly 😊 RIOT community for help in getting started
  - Special thanks to Peter Kietzmann for lots of initial assistance!

# Outlook and Future Work

## Ongoing Work

- Harmonizing benchmarking among various crypto schemes
- Running large-scale experiments on FIT-IoT-Lab



## Future Work

- Have students run experiments on IoT hardware
  - at HFT Stuttgart security lab
- Integrate more advanced crypto into RIOT
  - Find suitable crypto-libs / open-source implementations
  - With interesting crypto-schemes (e.g. quantumproof-crypto)