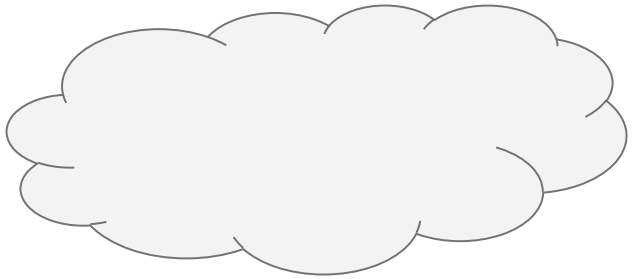
Mikolai Gütschow <mikolai.guetschow@tu-dresden.de>

Digital Payments for the Internet of Things

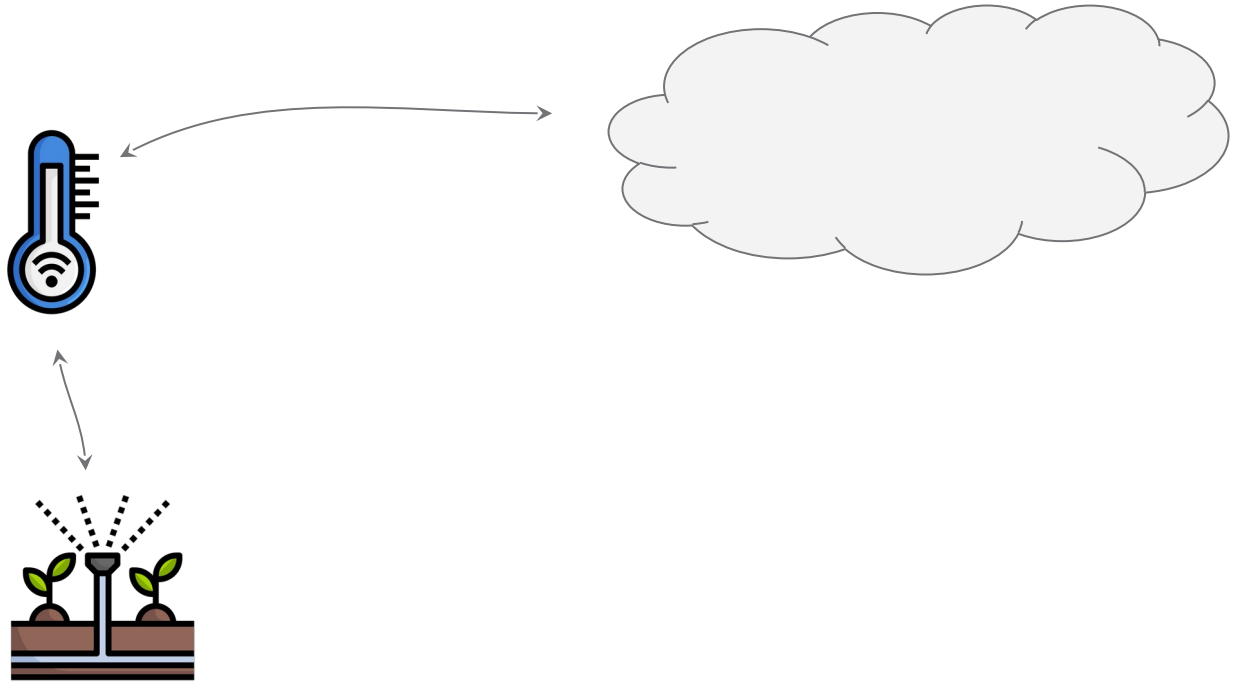
Towards E-Cash for Low-End IoT Devices

RIOT Summit // 2024-09-06

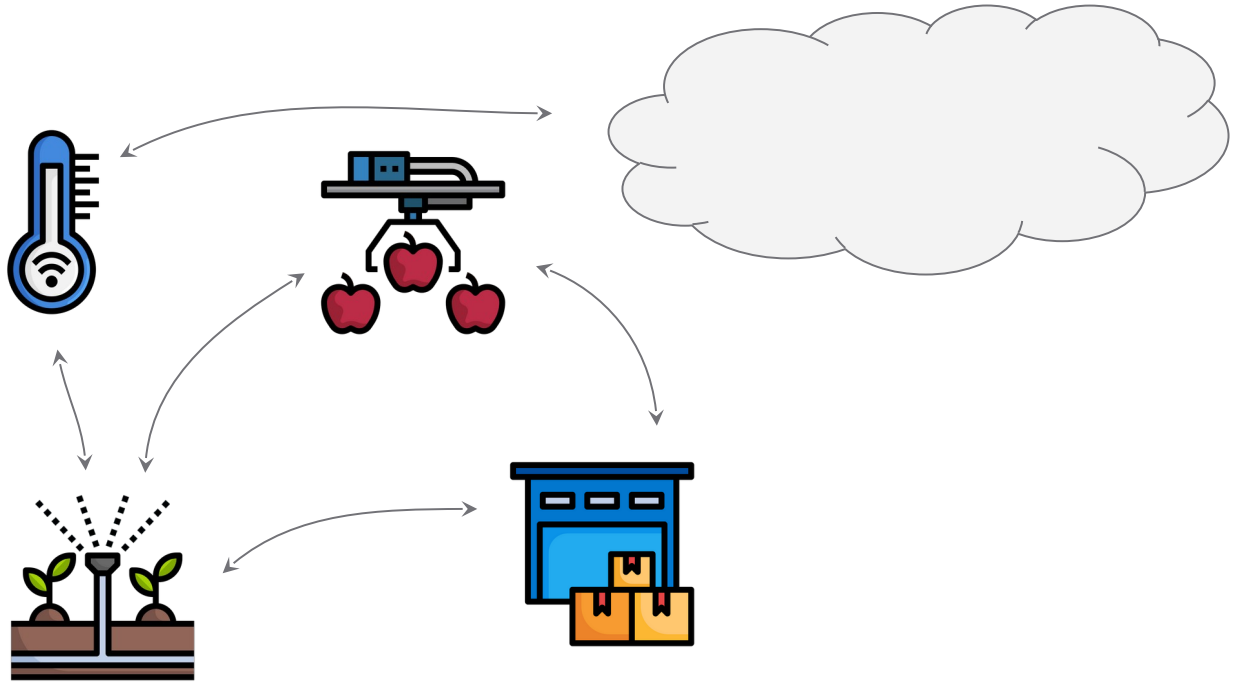
Internet of Things (IoT)



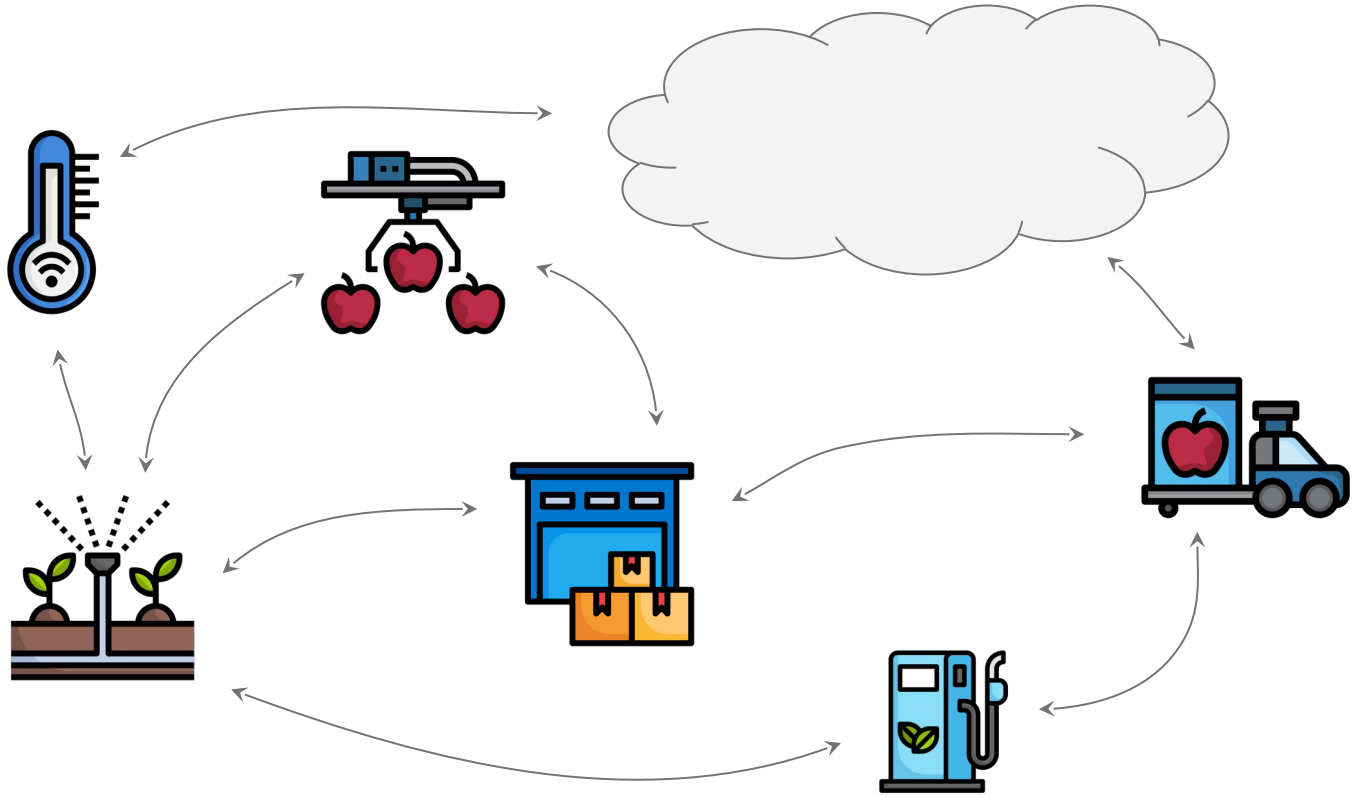
Internet of Things (IoT)
Smart Farming



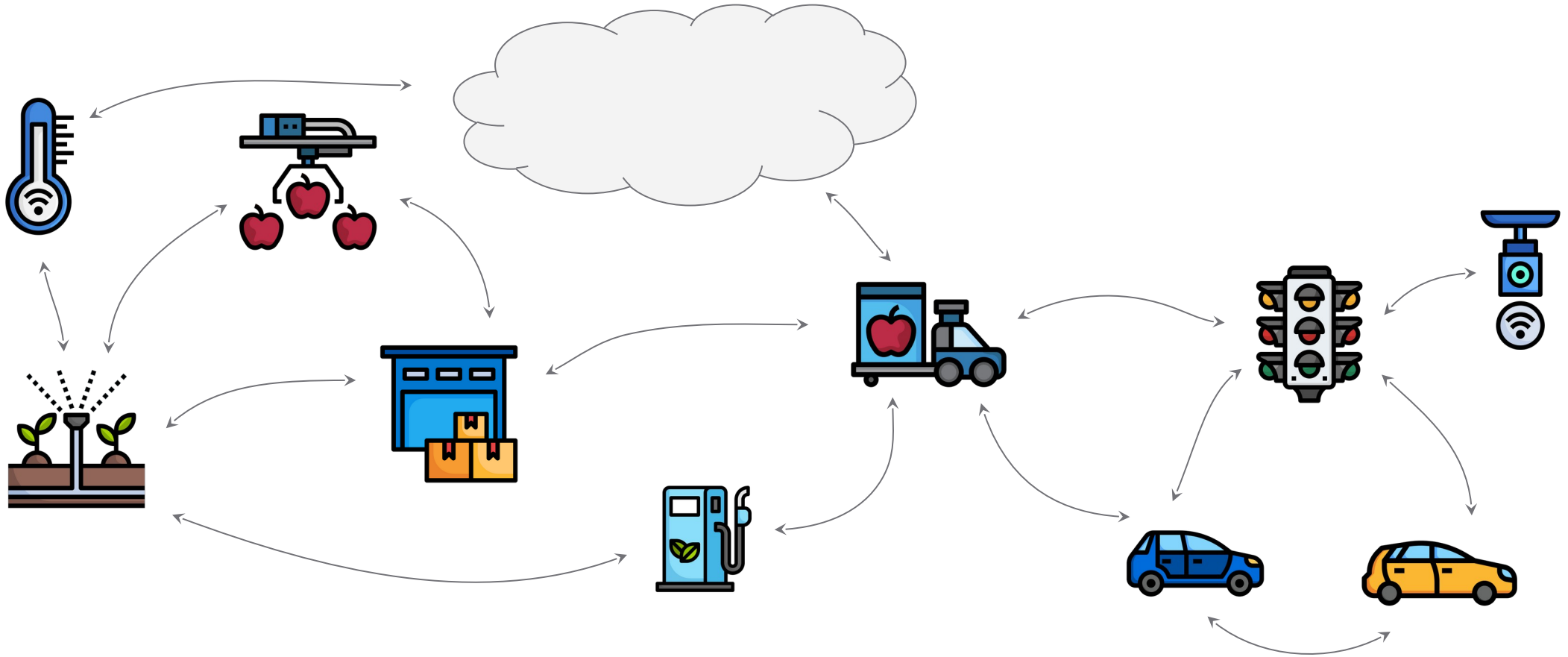
Internet of Things (IoT)
Smart Factory



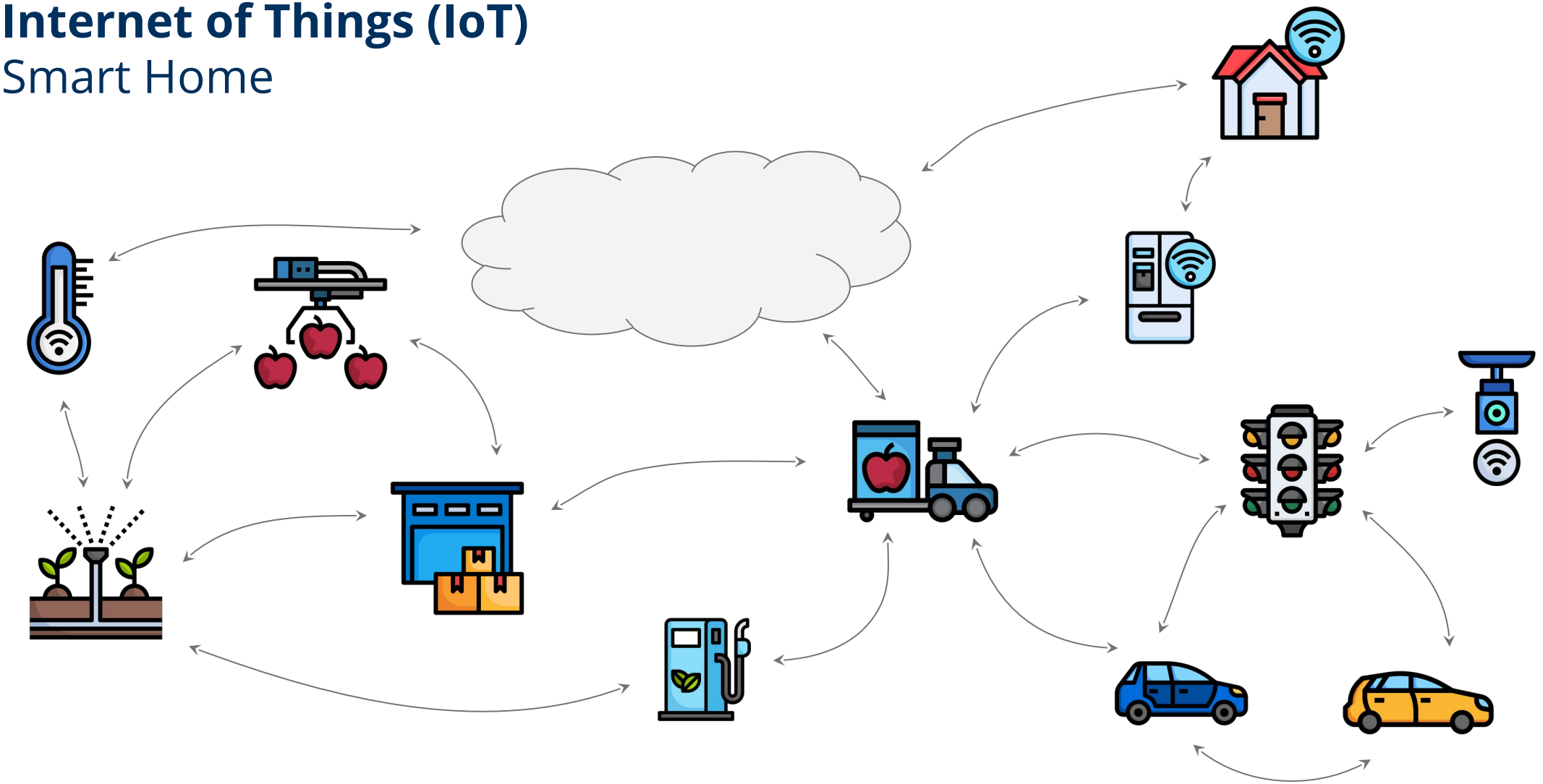
Internet of Things (IoT)
Smart Logistics



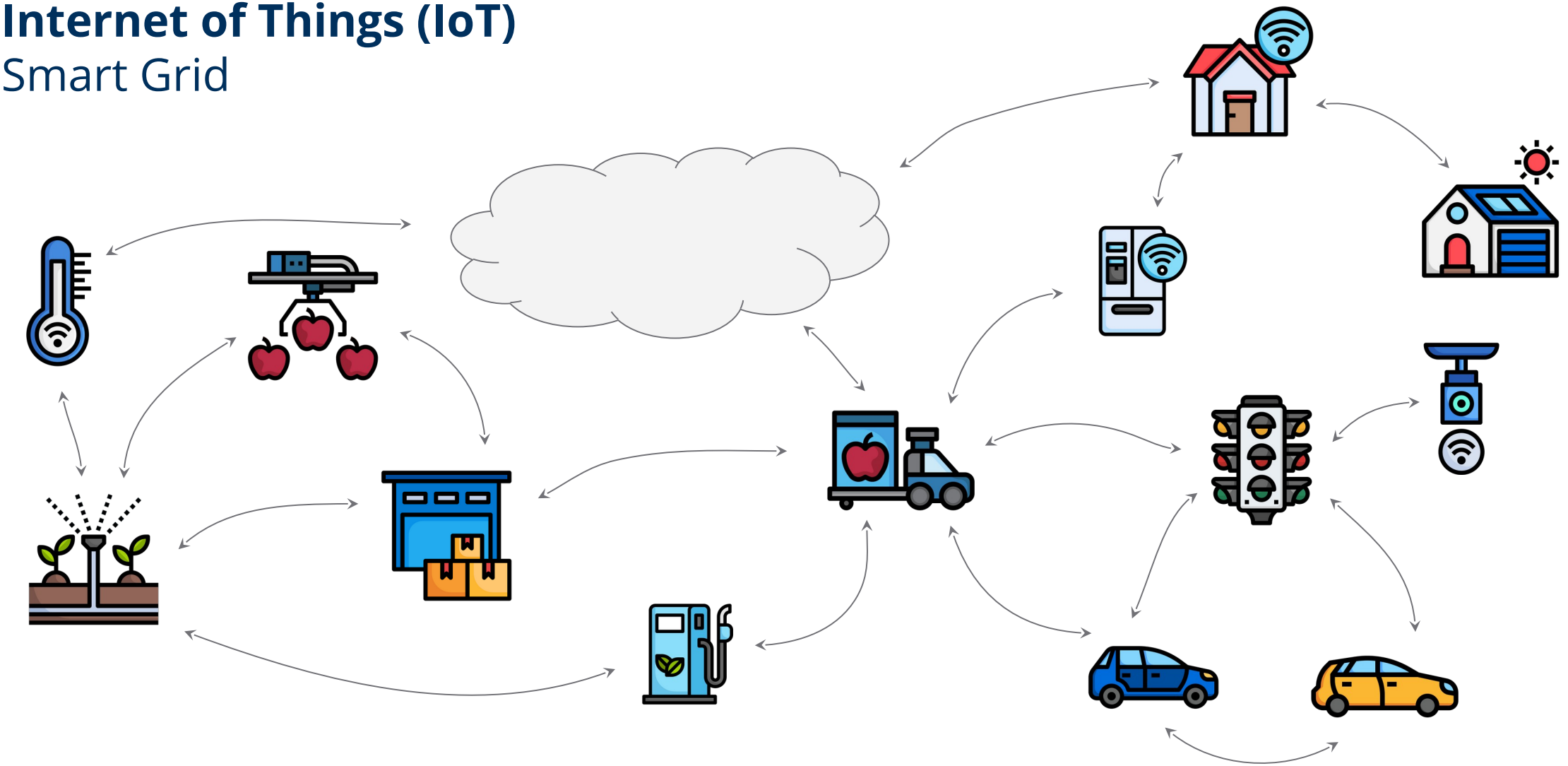
Internet of Things (IoT)
Smart City



Internet of Things (IoT)
Smart Home

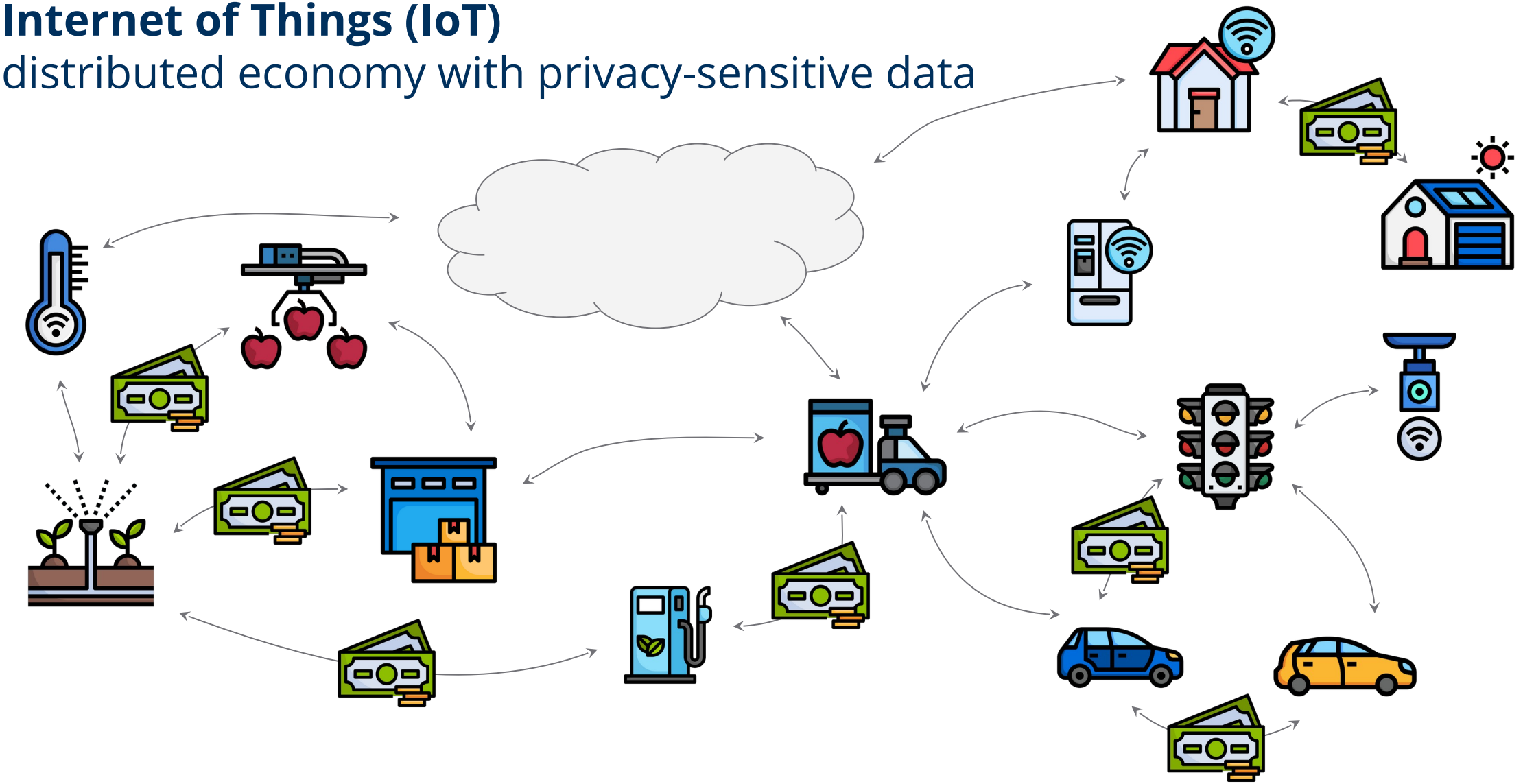


Internet of Things (IoT)
Smart Grid

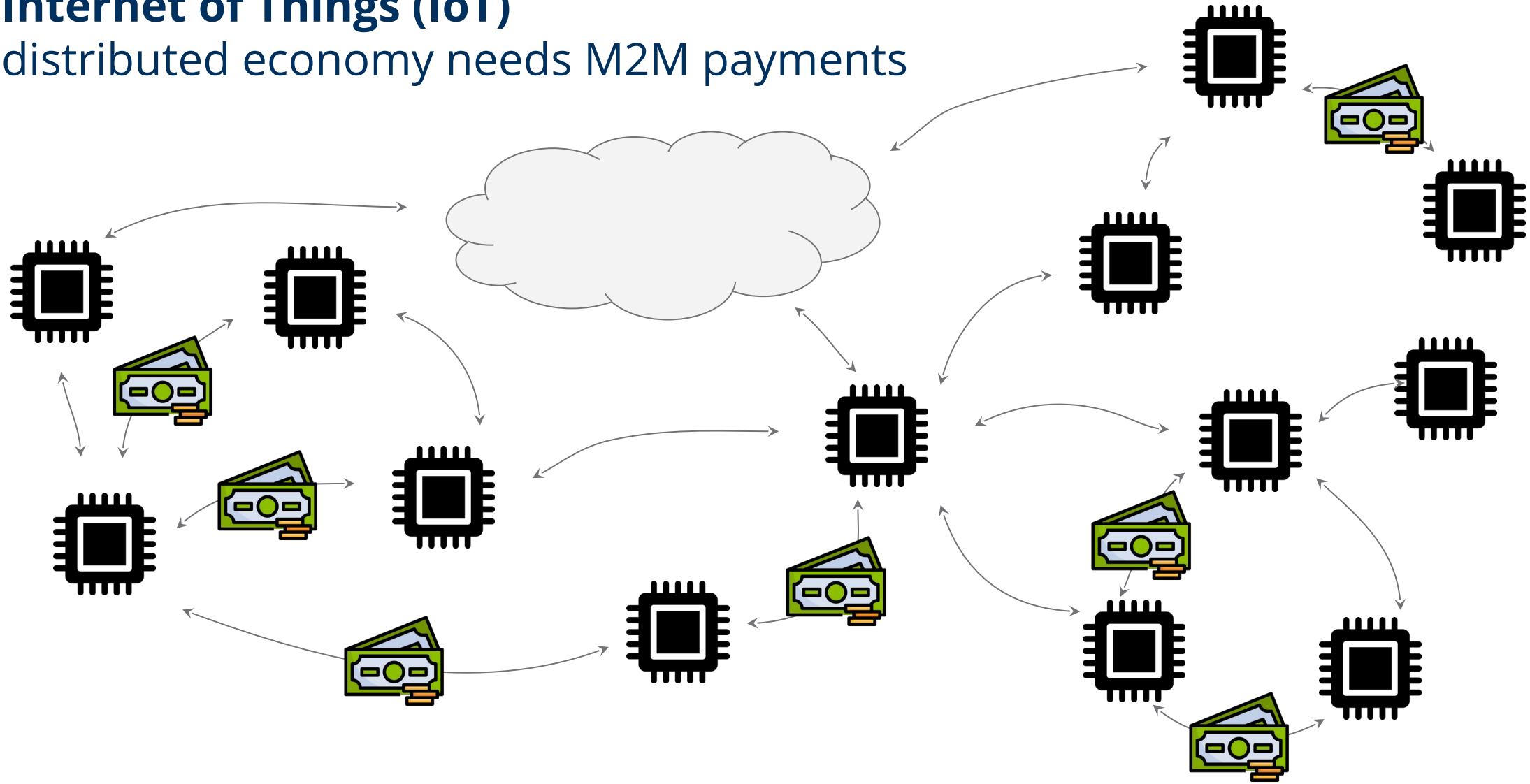


Internet of Things (IoT)

distributed economy with privacy-sensitive data



Internet of Things (IoT)
distributed economy needs M2M payments



Outline

Motivation: payments for a distributed IoT economy

The many faces of IoT

Suitable payment systems for the IoT

A typical e-cash scheme: GNU Taler

IoT e-cash wallet challenges and proposed solutions

The many faces of IoT
30 billion devices by 2030

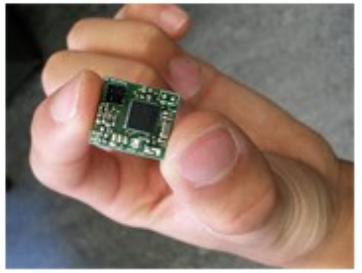
High-end IoT

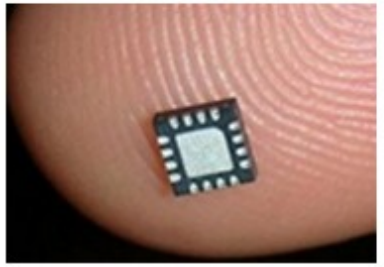
Linux

ANDROID

Processor: GHz, 32/64 Bit
Memory: MB/GByte
Energy: Watt
Network access: 5G, WLAN
Price: 10-100€

Low-end (or constrained) IoT





RIOT

Processor: MHz, 8/16/32 Bit
Memory: kByte
Energy: mWatt
Network access: 802.15.4, BLE
Price: 0,10-10€

The many faces of IoT
we focus on the challenging class of devices

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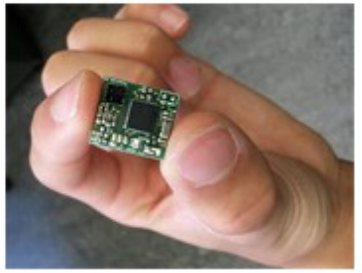

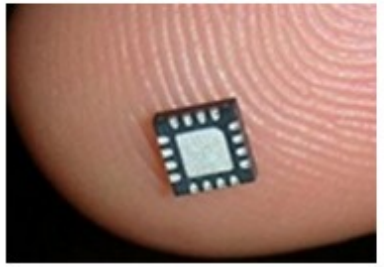

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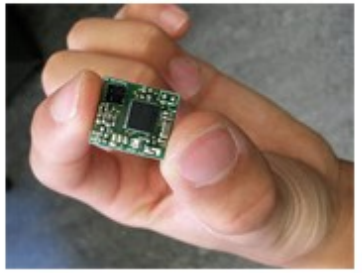

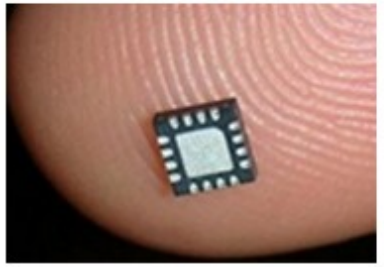

RIOT

high device heterogeneity

Processor: MHz, 8/16/32 Bit
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Price: 0,10-10€

Digital Payments for the IoT
requirements on a payment system

resource demands as low as possible

autonomy: human-less operation for machine-to-machine payments

privacy: non-discriminating, privacy-preserving

micropayments: high amount-to-fee ratio even for small amounts

settlement as fast as possible to support high number of payments

Digital Payments for the IoT
using traditional payment systems?

- ✅ **resource demands:** negligible
- ❌ **autonomy:** identity-bound accounts require human confirmation
- ❌ **privacy:** centralized, account-based systems
- ❌ **micropayments:** high fees
- ✅ **settlement:** instant

Digital Payments for the IoT
using cryptocurrencies?

- ✗ **resource demands:** expensive verification of distributed ledger
- ✓ **autonomy**
- ✓ **privacy:** at least pseudonymity
- ✗ **micropayments:** high mining fees
- ✗ **settlement:** delayed due to distributed consensus

Digital Payments for the IoT
using e-cash and GNU Taler!

- ? **resource demands:** more on that later
- ✓ **autonomy:** self-custody of tokens
- ✓ **privacy:** guaranteed thanks to blind signatures
- ✓ **micropayments:** low technical and operational costs
- ✓ **settlement:** instant

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GNU Taler
design and (non-)goals

Exchange

Wallet

Merchant

representation of existing currency

***payer* anonymity**

untraceable coins

unlinkable payments

***income* transparency**

instant settlement

reliable contracts

micropayment support

online-only*

*at least one party needs to have internet connection

GNU Taler
centralized architecture

Exchange

central authority
liability
- signs coin
- holds actual value
- redeems merchant

TALER

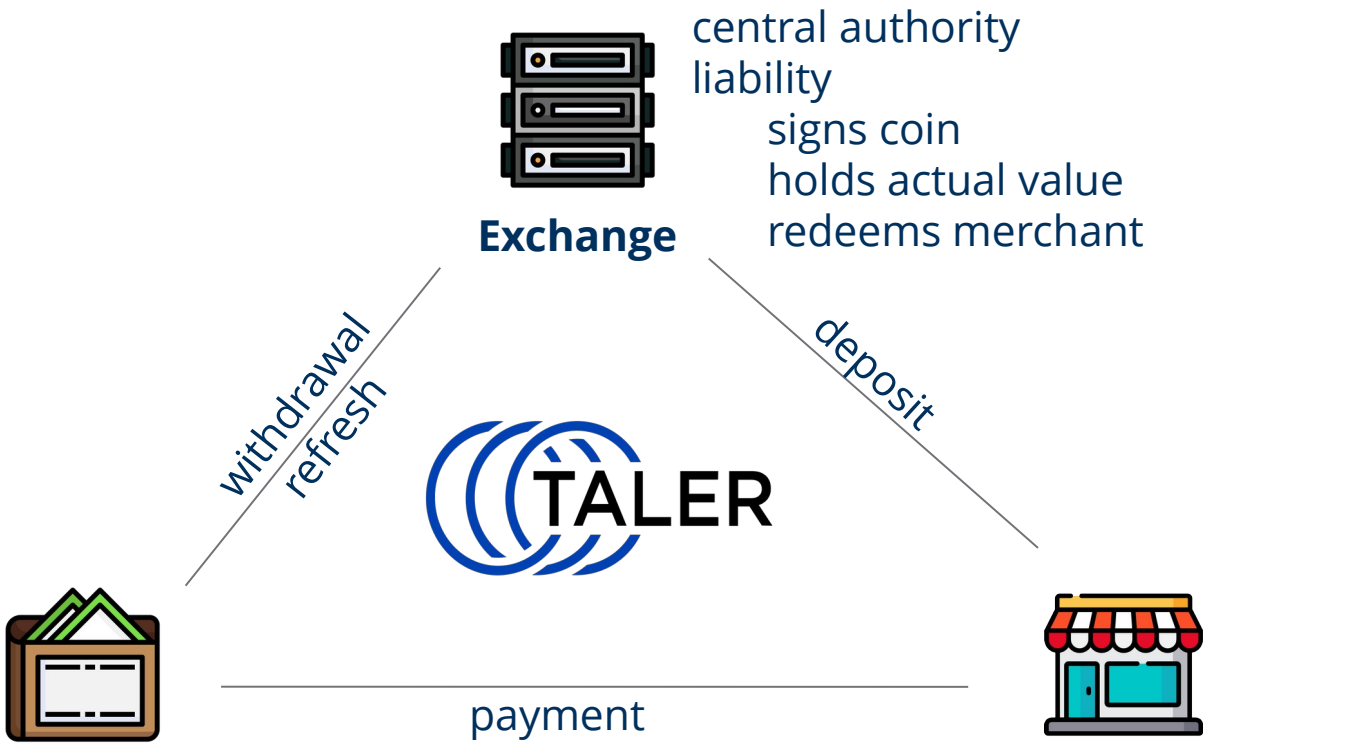
Wallet

owns coins as digital representation of value in an existing currency

Merchant

receives and validates coin deposit permission at exchange

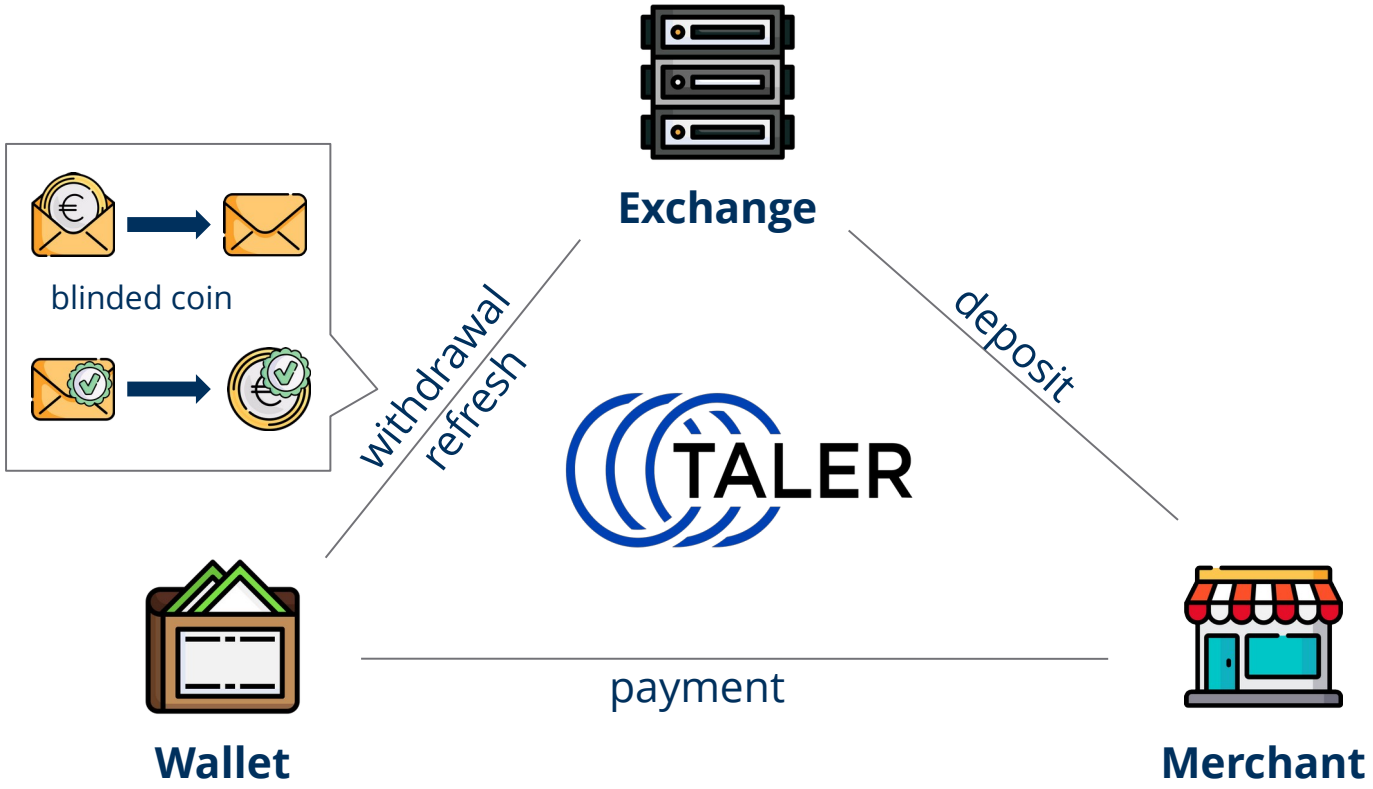
GNU Taler
centralized architecture



owns coins as digital representation of value in an existing currency

receives and validates coin deposit permission at exchange

GNU Taler
distributed cryptographic protocol



= **Ed25519** keypair

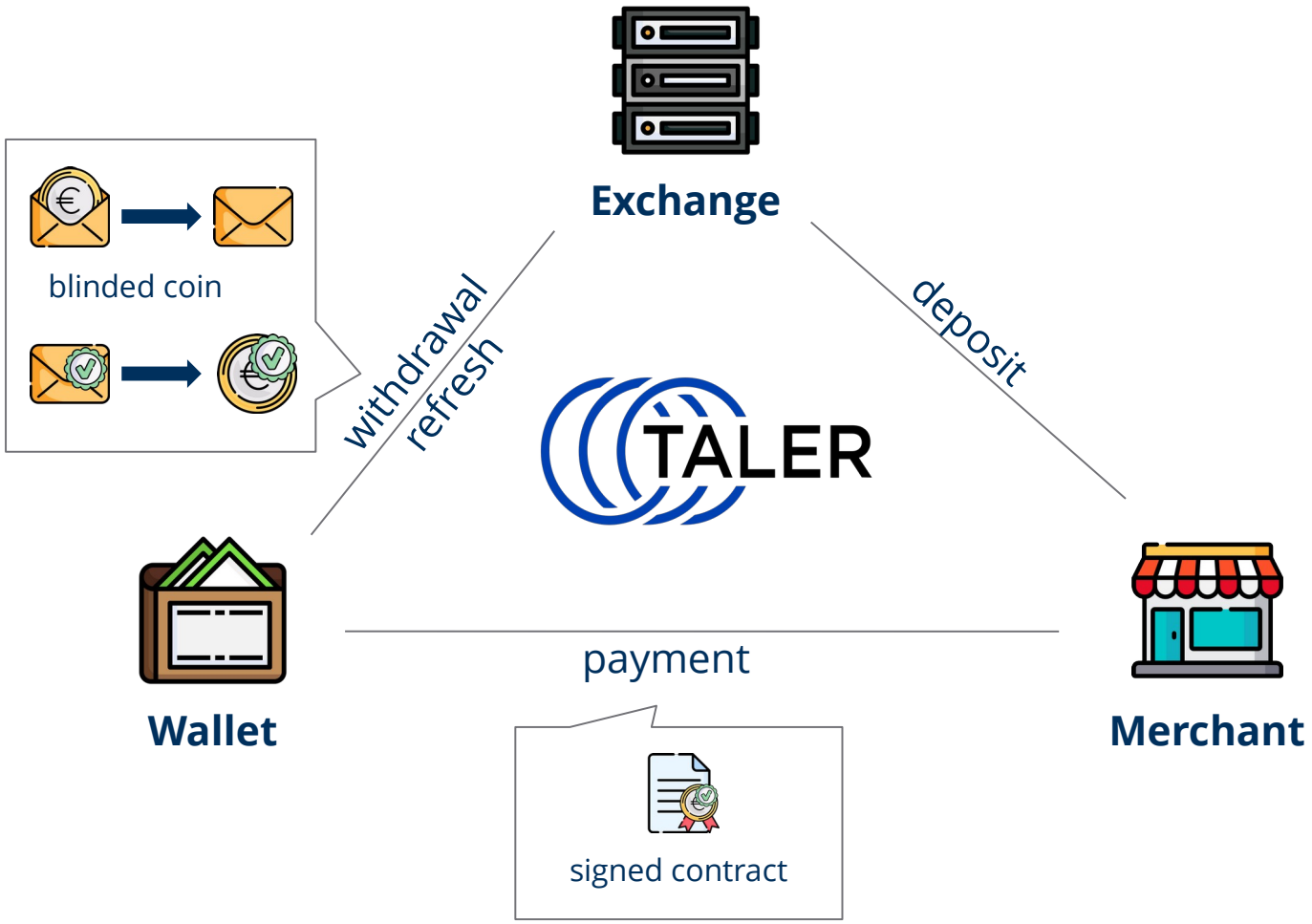
ownership = private key

= **RSA-FDH blinding*** scheme

= RSA signature

*Clause Blind Schnorr Signature optionally supported, too

GNU Taler
distributed cryptographic protocol



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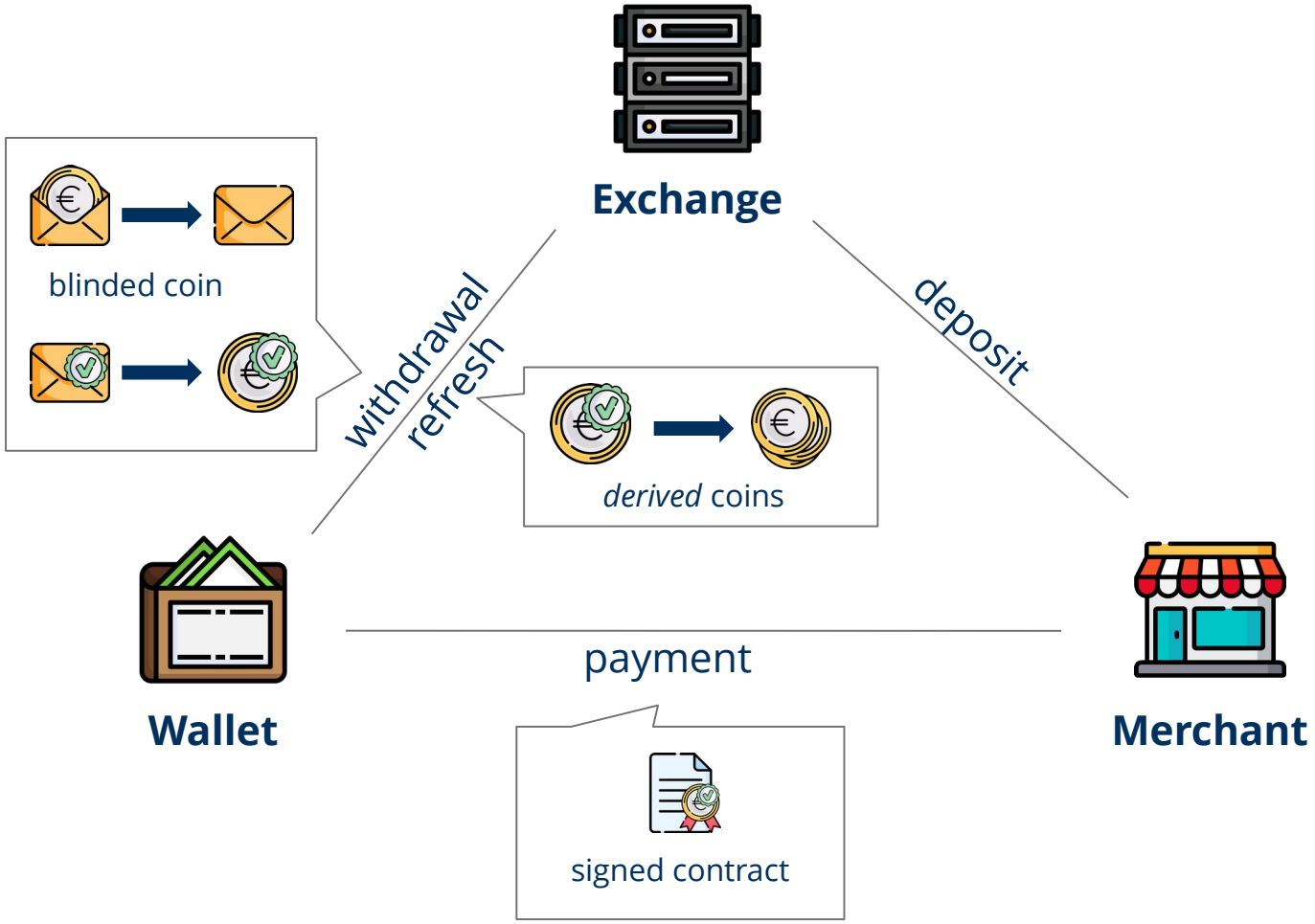

= **Ed25519** keypair

ownership = private key

= coin signature

= **RSA-FDH blinding*** scheme

= RSA signature

= **HKDF** for new private keys

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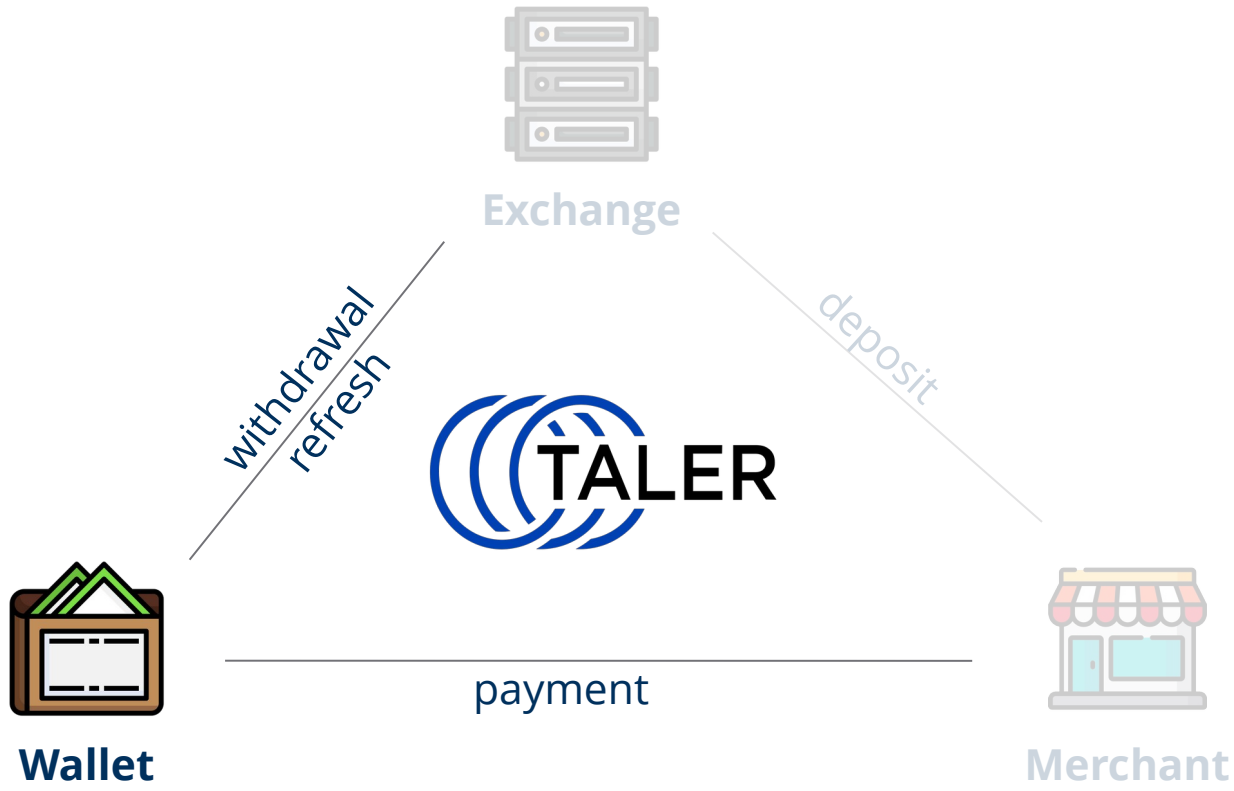
GNU Taler
typical e-cash wallet requirements

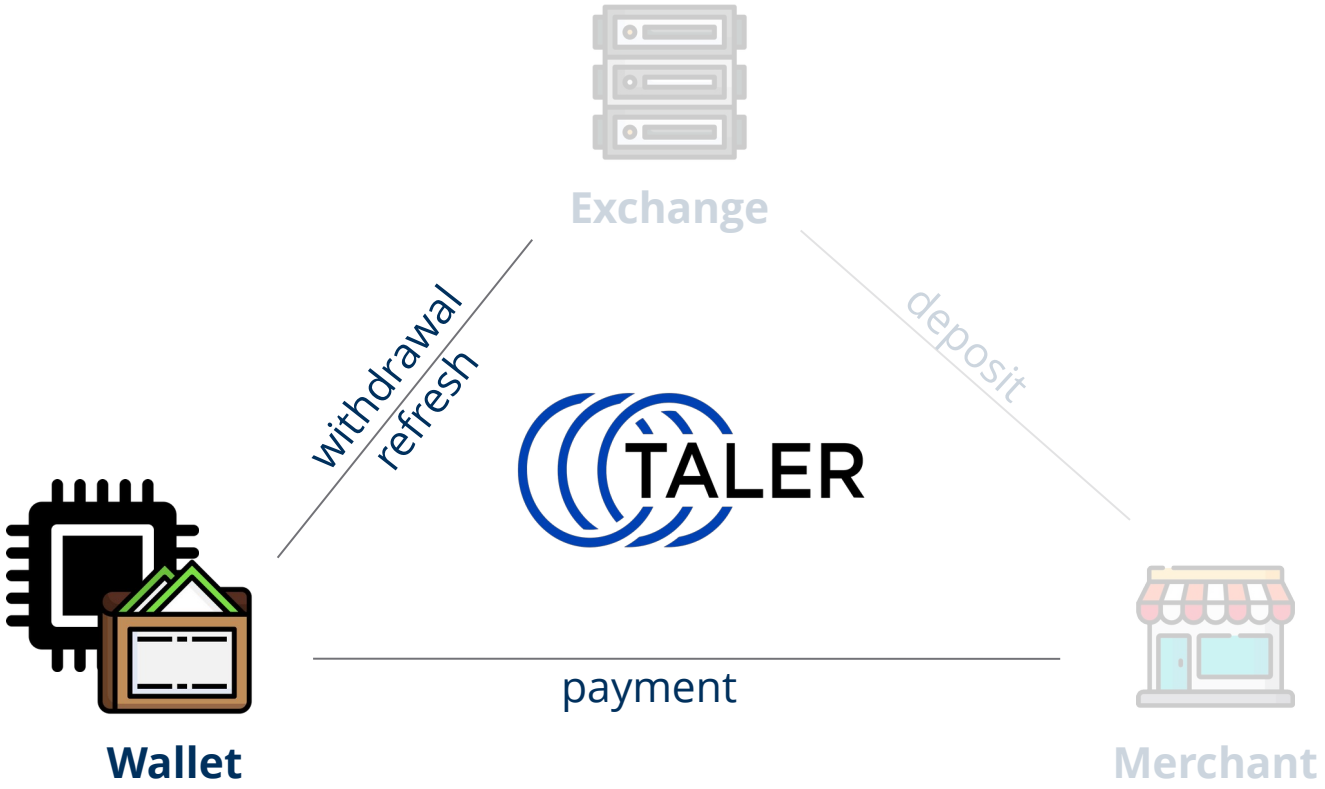


storage of coins

cryptographic operations

network access for communication with exchange and merchant

GNU Taler meets low-end IoT
with challenging device constraints



storage of coins

cryptographic operations

network access for communication with exchange and merchant

resource constraints: limited processing power, storage, energy, networking bandwidth

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IoT e-cash wallet challenges

storage for coins **is limited**

cryptographic operations are often **computationally-intensive**

network access via **low-power** network protocols with **limited payload sizes and bandwidth**

IoT e-cash wallet
challenges and proposed solutions

storage for coins **is limited**

minimize amount of coins with intelligent **coin selection strategy**

cryptographic operations are often **computationally-intensive**

use **hardware acceleration** if available

offer lightweight cryptography and support **cipher agility**

network access via **low-power** network protocols with **limited payload sizes and bandwidth**

minimize **communication overhead** and **data redundancy**: e.g., CBOR/CoAP instead of JSON/HTTP

IoT gateway for internet access

IoT e-cash wallet
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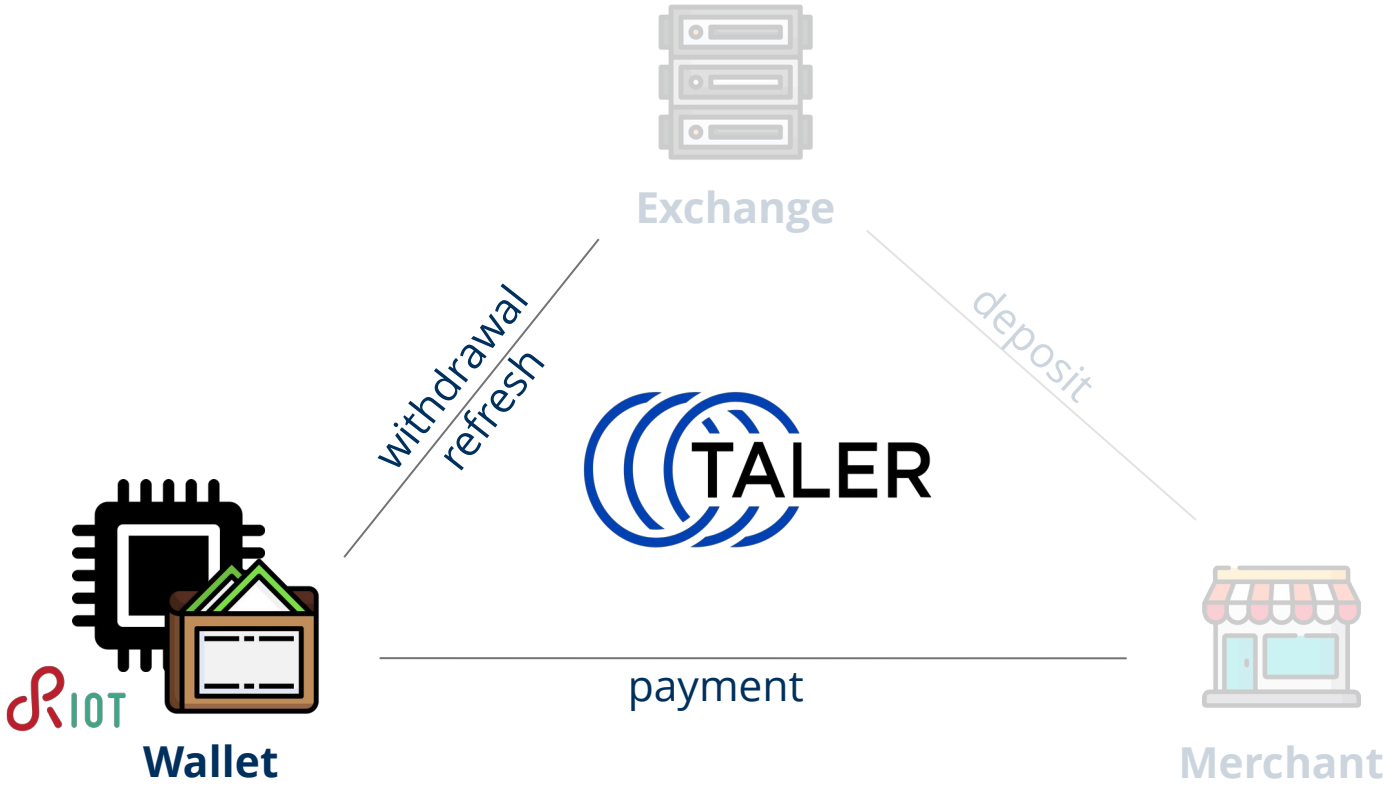
IoT gateway for internet access

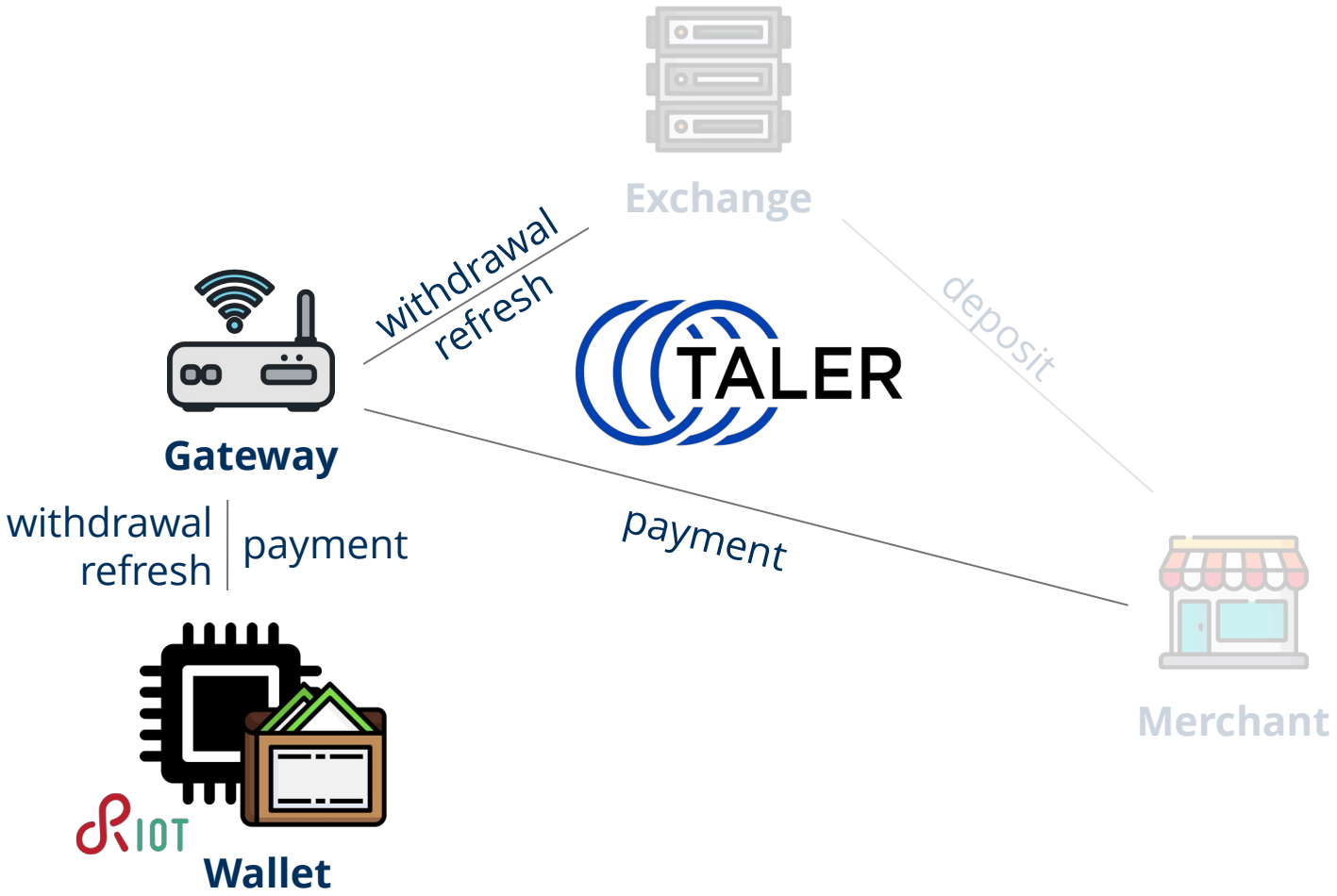
hardware heterogeneity accommodated via general-purpose IoT OS: RIOT

GNU Taler meets low-end IoT
a change in system design



network access via
IoT gateway

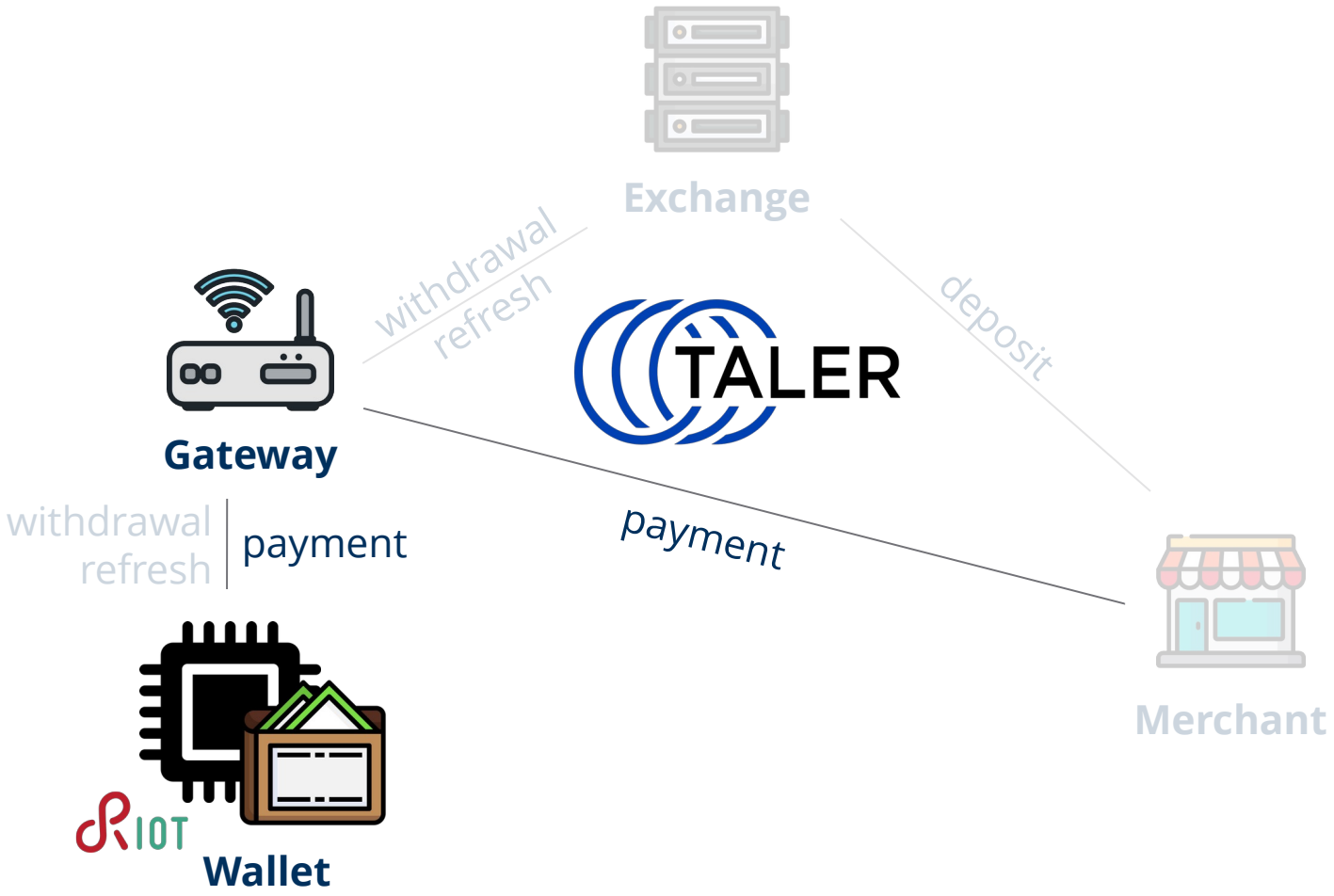
GNU Taler meets low-end IoT
a change in system design



network access via

IoT gateway

GNU Taler meets low-end IoT
first prototype



RIOT-based **wallet** on **nRF52840 SoC**

- storage: 256 kB RAM, 1024 kB flash
- connectivity: **802.15.4**, BLE
- HW-accelerated Ed25519, RSA, SHA2
- price tag: **~4$**
- UI (display/NFC) for demo purposes

Raspberry Pi / laptop as IoT gateway and CoAP-HTTP / CBOR-JSON proxy

payment support only *for now*

GNU Taler meets low-end IoT
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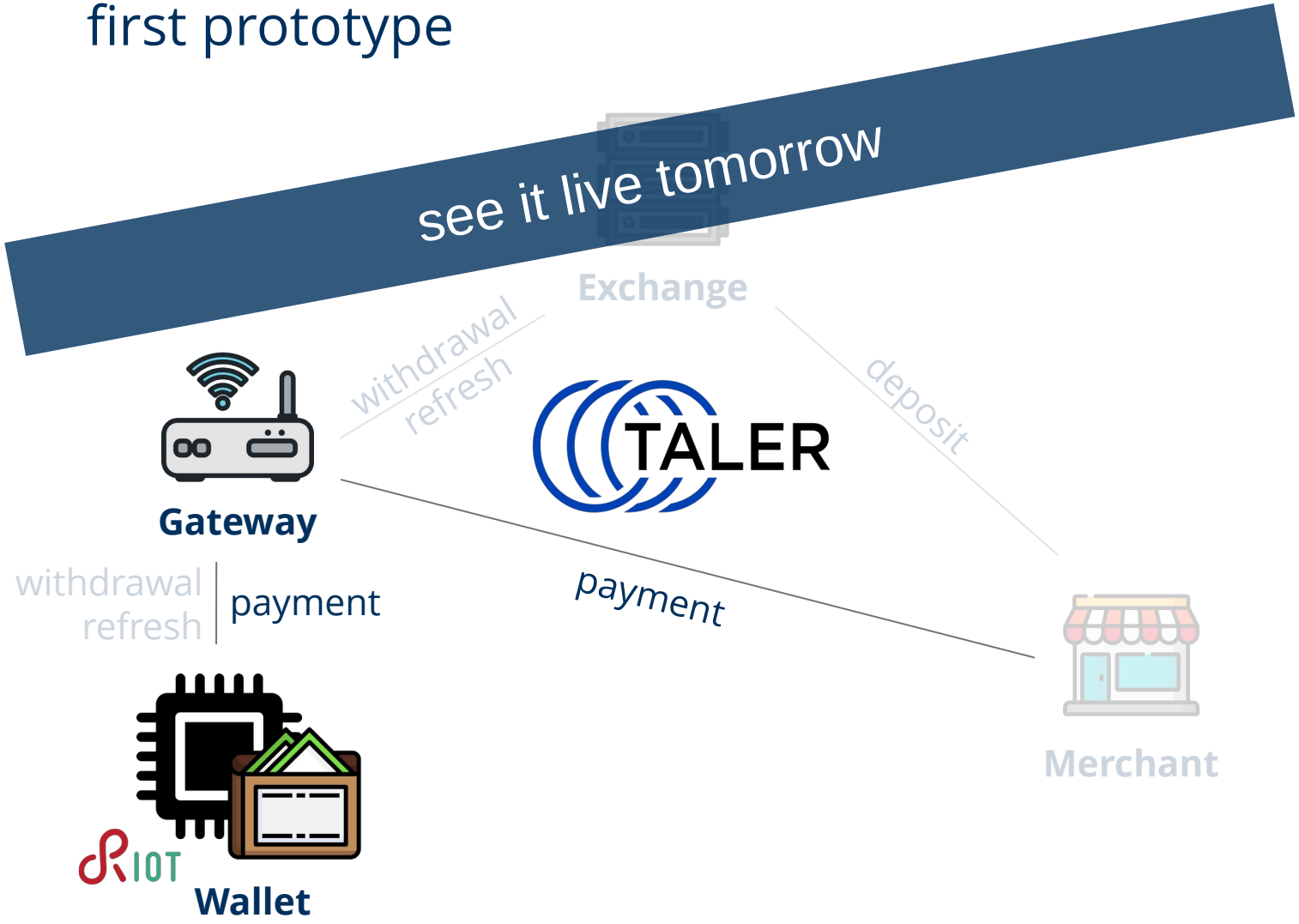

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Conclusions and Outlook

necessity for **digital payments** in a distributed **IoT economy**

requirements on autonomy, privacy, micropayments, settlement

- **e-cash** as a fitting solution

additional constraints for IoT e-cash wallet

- storage, cryptographic operations, network access

promising results with first prototype

- next: withdrawal with blind signature scheme

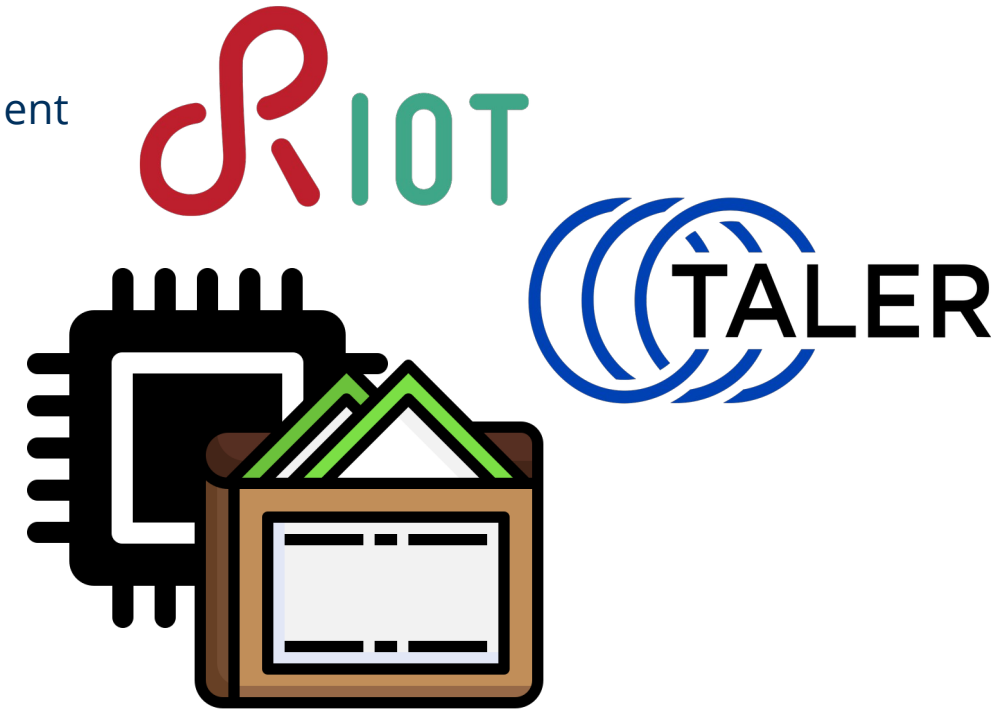

Image Credits

Icons created by Futuer and Freepik on Flaticon

https://unsplash.com/photos/silver-and-gold-round-coins-yJpjLD3c9bU

https://taler.net/images/logo-2021.svg

https://www.riot-os.org/branding.html

Backup Slides

Network access
Encoding matters

Example: Withdrawal of four coins

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{"planchets": [
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  "reserve_sig":"DNMCWA19F8191Z…",
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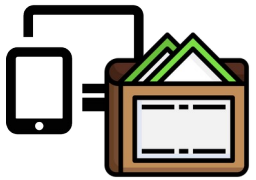

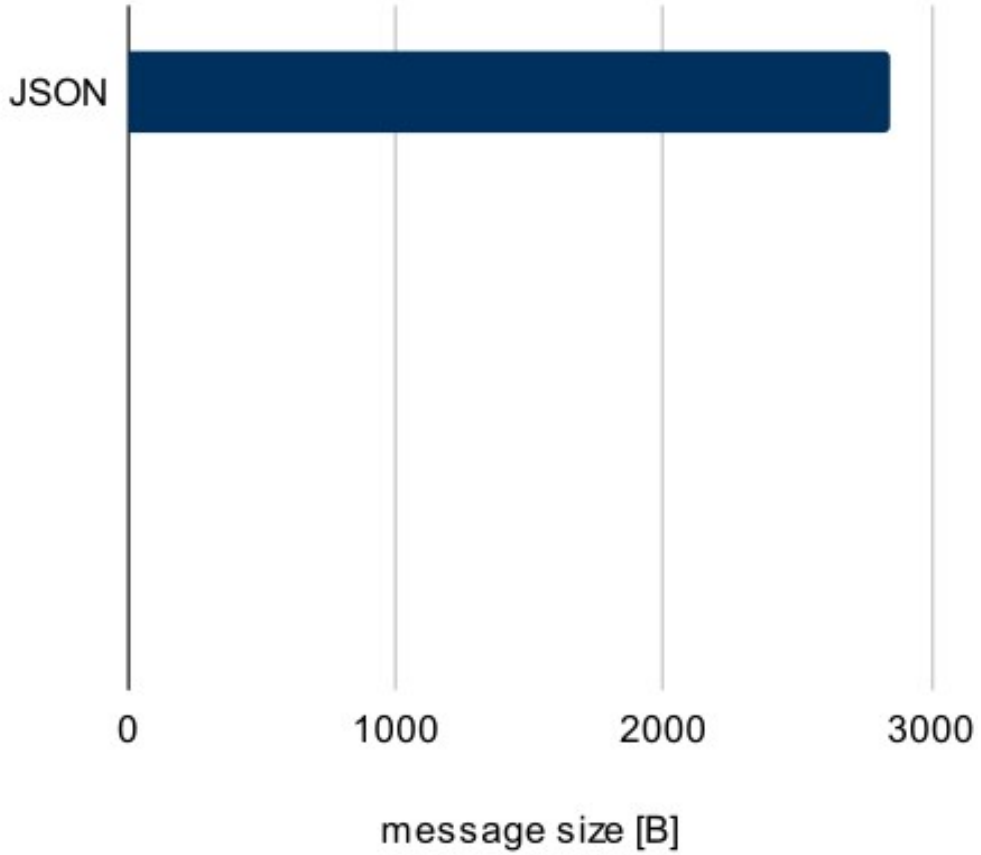

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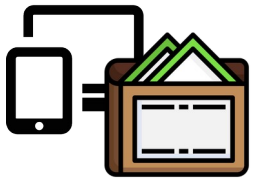

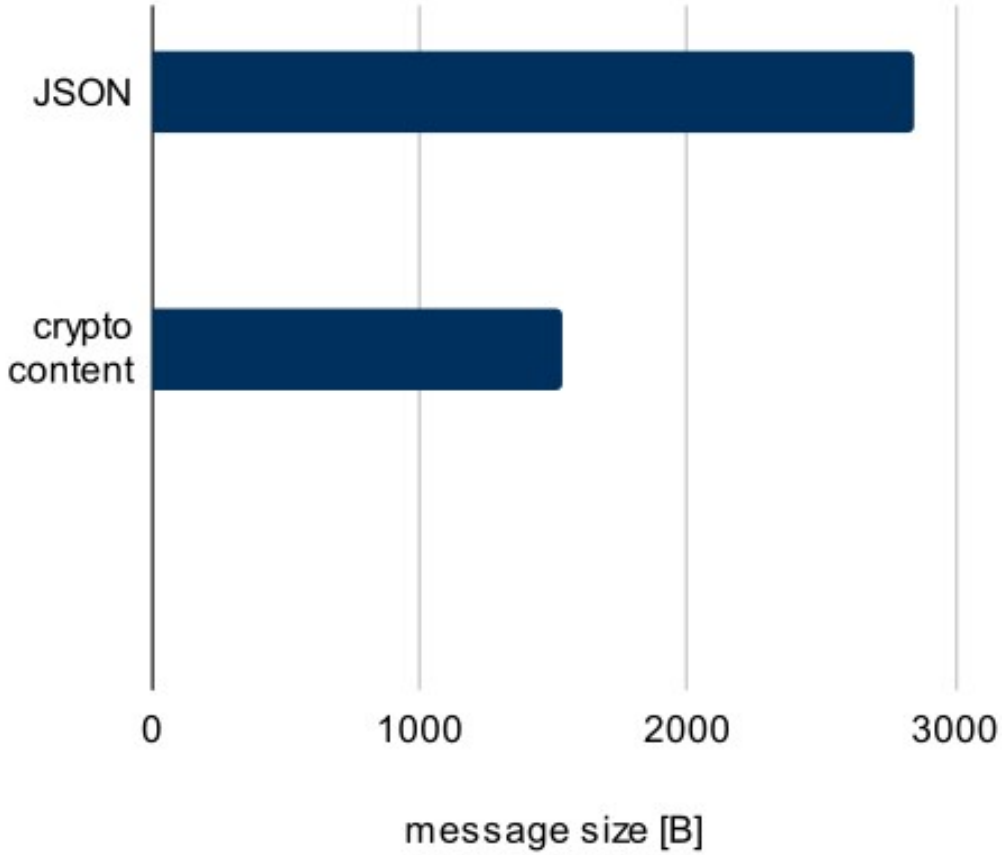

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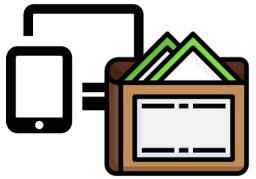

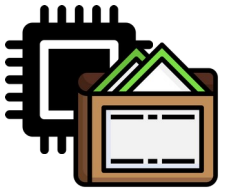

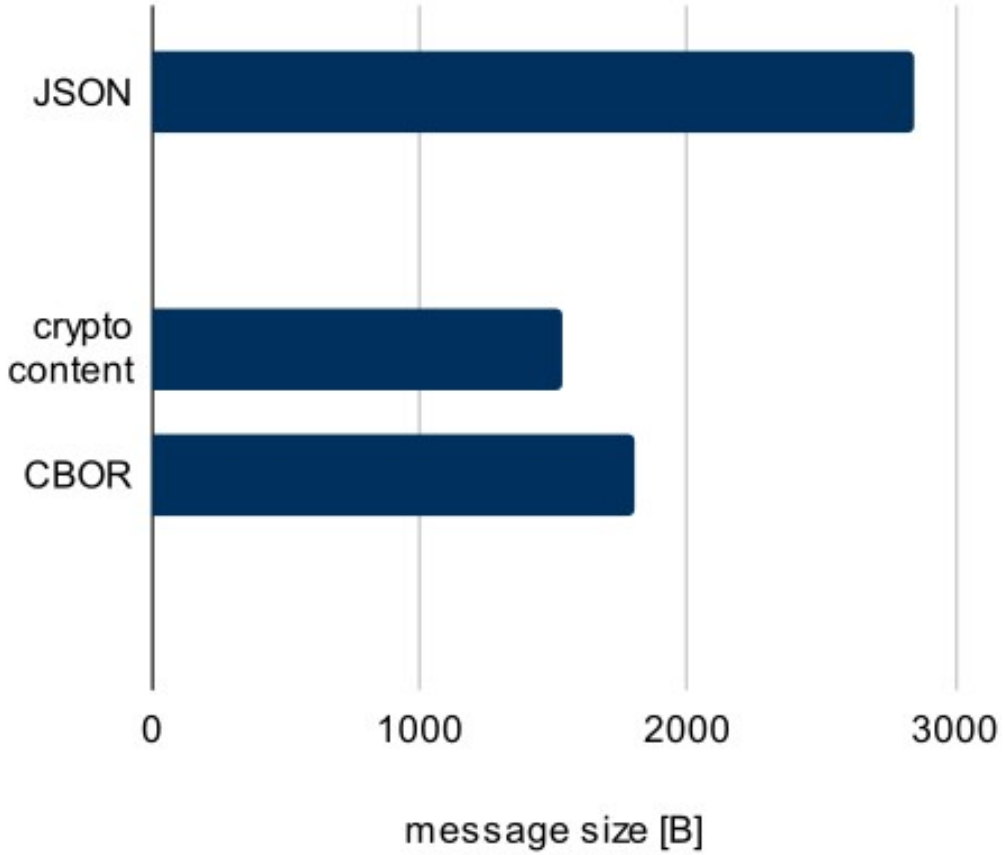

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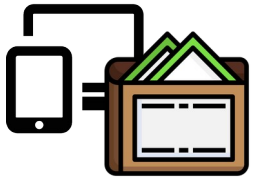

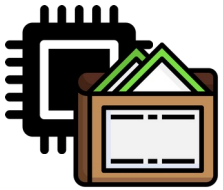

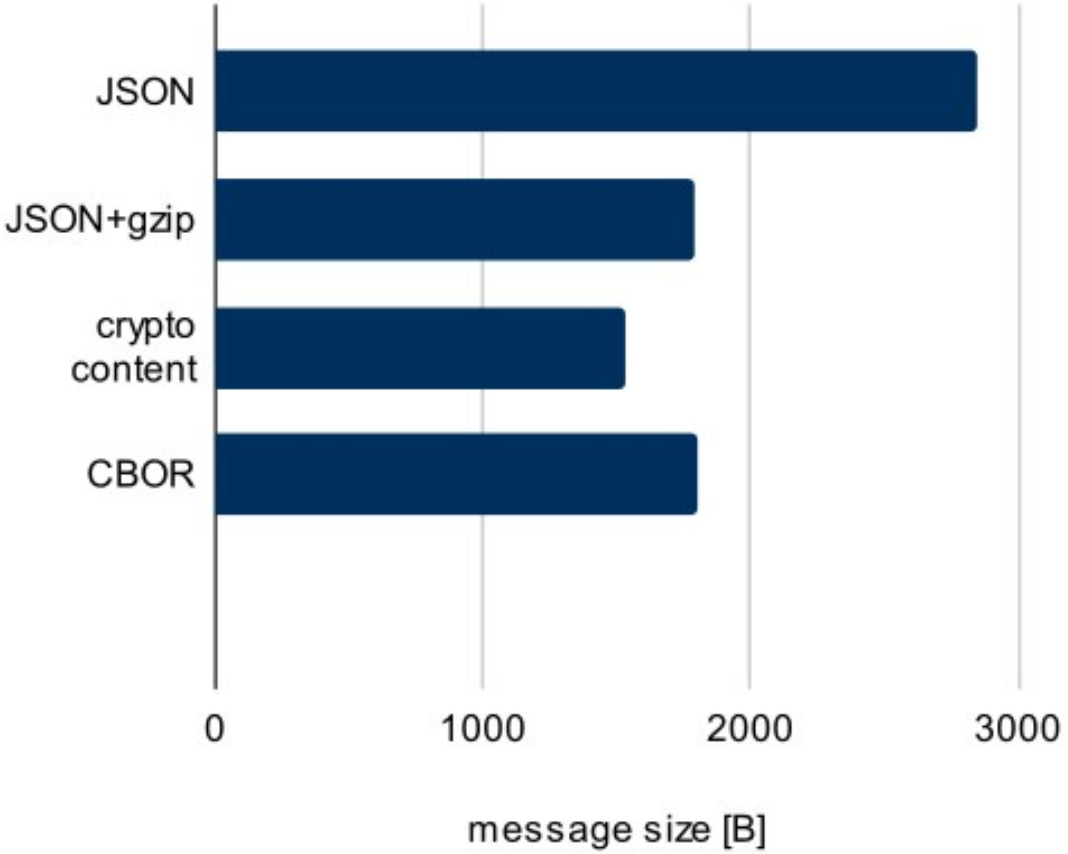

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